## FIFTEENTH GUAM LEGISLATURE 1979 (FIRST) Regular Session

## CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO THE GOVERNOR

This is to certify that Substitute Bill No. 37, "An Act to repeal Section 12325 of Public Law 13-83 and to add a new Article II to Chapter V of Title XIII of the Government Code to provide for the conservation of resident endangered and threatened species of plants and wildlife", was on the 11th day of May 1979, duly and regularly passed.

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SHERRA L. FRANCISCO
Assistant Staff Officer
Governor's Staff

KATHERINE BOAGUON Acting Speaker

APPROVED:

JOSEPH F. ADA

Acting

Governor of Guam

DATED:

14/979

## FIFTEENTH GUAM LEGISLATURE 1979 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 37 (As Substituted by Committee)

Introduced by E. M. Espaldon

AN ACT TO REPEAL SECTION 12325 OF PUBLIC LAW 13-83 AND TO ADD A NEW ARTICLE II TO CHAPTER V OF TITLE XIII OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE TO PROVIDE FOR THE CONSERVATION OF RESIDENT ENDANGERED AND THREATENED SPECIES OF PLANTS AND WILDLIFE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

Section 1. Section 12325 of Public Law 13-83 is hereby repealed in its entirety and a new Article II is added to Chapter V of Title XIII of the Government Code to read:

## "ARTICLE II

The Endangered Species Act of Guam

Section 12325. Title. This Act shall be known as 'The Endangered Species Act of Guam'.

Section 12325.1. Purposes. The purposes of this Act are to provide authorization whereby the ecosystem upon which resident endangered or threatened species depend, may be protected and conserved; to develop and provide a program for the conservation and management of such endangered and/or threatened species; and, to take such steps and measures as may be appropriate to achieve the purposes of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, U. S. Public Law 93-205 U. S. Congress, 28 December 1973.

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Section 12325.2. Definition, for the purposes of this Act:

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THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.

- (a) "Agent, employee or officer" means any Department employee authorized by the Director to carry out any power granted by this Act.
- (b) "Conserve, conserving and conservation" mean the use of any and all populations of plants and wild-life declared threatened or endangered and to bring them to the point at which the measures provided pursuant to this Act, are no longer necessary. Such methods and procedures include, but are not limited to censuses, research, law enforcement, habitat acquisition and maintenance, propagation, live trapping, transplantation, regulated taking, or confiscation.
- (c) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture, or in the case of changing functions, that agency designated by the government of Guam to be charged with the husbandry of the natural resources of plants and wildlife.
- (d) "Ecosystem" means all natural elements, physical and biological, of the habitat or site in which any plant or wildlife species is found and upon which it is dependent for its well-being.
- (e) "Endangered species" means any species which is in danger of extinction on Guam and has been so designated pursuant to the provisions of this Article or that has been determined to be an endangered species pursuant to the U. S. Endangered Species Act of 1973.

- (f) "Resident species" means any plant or wildlife species which spends any part of its life on Guam.
- (g) "Threatened species" means any species of plant or wildlife which appears likely, within the foreseeable future, to become endangered and which has been so designated by the Department pursuant to this Chapter, or that has been determined to be a threatened species pursuant to the U. S. Endangered Species Act of 1973.
- (h) "Import" means to land on, bring into, or introduce into, or attempt to land on, whether or not such landing, bringing, or introduction constitutes an importation within the meaning of the custom laws of Guam and the United States.
- (i) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, trust, association, or any other private entity, or any officer, employee, agent, department or instrumentality of the Federal government, of any state, territory, commonwealth or political subdivision thereof or of any foreign government.
- (j) "Plants" means any member of the plant kingdom, including seeds, roots, other parts thereof.
- (k) "Secretary" means, except as otherwise herein provided, the U. S. Secretary of the Interior or the U. S. Secretary of Commerce as program responsibilities are vested pursuant to the provisions of the U. S. Reorganization Plan Number 4 of 1970; except that with respect to the enforcement of the provisions of the U. S. Public Law 93-205 and the Convention on the

International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild

Fauna and Flora which pertain to the importation or
exportation of terrestrial plants, the term means U. S.

Secretary of Agriculture.

(1) "Species" means any subspecies of plants or

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- (1) "Species" means any subspecies of plants or wildlife and any other group of plants or wildlife of the same species or smaller taxa in common spatial arrangement that interbreed when mature.
- (m) "Take" means to cut, collect, uproot, destroy, injure, or possess threatened or endangered species of plants, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct or to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trapp, capture, snare or collect threatened or endangered species or wildlife.
- (n) "Wildlife" means any resident member of the animal kingdom including without limitation, reared in captivity or not, including any mammal, bird, amphibian, reptile, fish, crustacean, mollusk or other invertebrate; and, includes any parts thereof, except those species of the Class Insecta which have been declared as pests whose protection under the provisions of this Act would present an overwhelming and overriding risk to man, providing this is in conformance with the Federal Law.

Section 12325.3. Policy. It is declared to be the policy of the government of Guam that all departments and agencies shall seek to conserve Guam's resident threatened and endangered species and that they shall utilize their

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authorities in furtherance of the purposes of this Act by taking such steps as are necessary to insure that action authorized, funded, or carried out by them do not jeopardize the continued existence of Guam's threatened or endangered species or those mandated by the United States Government.

Section 12325.4. Authority.

- (a) Regulatory power for the purposes of this Act shall be vested in the Department of Agriculture hereinafter referred to as the 'Department' which is responsible for the management and the conservation of plant and wildlife resources of the territory of Guam.
- (b) The Department shall conduct all research, investigation and listing of resident threatened or endangered species of plants and wildlife; and all programs for the conservation, management, enhancement or protection of such species; and, upon its own recommendation or upon the petition of three persons, shall conduct a review of any listed or unlisted resident species proposed to be on the list published pursuant to the authority herein.
- (c) Annually, the department shall promulgate a list of endangered species. The list of endangered species shall be submitted to each village commissioner for review and comment prior to the hearing on adoption of the list held in accordance with the Administrative Adjudication Act. The list shall be adopted in accordance with the Administrative Adjudication Act and then be subject to approval by the Legislature, provided, however, that if the Legislature fails to

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act on the list of endangered species within twenty (20) legislative days following receipt thereof, then the list of endangered species shall be deemed approved by the Legislature. No additions or deletions may be made to the list without conformance with the procedural requirements for adoption of the list. list shall be effective for not more than fourteen (14) months following approval by the Legislature. Department shall promulgate such rules, regulations or orders in accordance with the Administrative Adjudication Act and any rules or regulations shall be subject to approval by the Legislature, provided, however, that if the Legislature fails to act on the rules or regulations within twenty (20) legislative days following receipt thereof, then the rules or regulations shall be deemed approved by the Legislature. purpose of the rules, regulations or orders shall be to improve and enhance the welfare of endangered or threatened species after determining on the basis of the best scientific and commercial data available and upon consultation with interested persons, the public, and other appropriate agencies, as to whether or not any species is an endangered or threatened species because of, but not limited to, any of the following factors:

(1) The present or threatened destruction, modification or curtailment of habitat or range;

- (2) Over-utilization for commercial, sporting, scientific, or educational purposes;
- (3) Diseases or predation;
- (4) The inadequacy of existing regulatory mechanisms; or
- (5) Other natural or man-made factors affecting its continued existence.
- (d) The Department shall establish priorities for the conservation and protection of resident threatened or endangered species of plants and wildlife and their associated ecosystems.
- (e) The Department is authorized to enter into agreements with Federal or other public agencies, private agencies, or any person for administration, research, or the management of any area, including aquatic, established under this section or utilized for the conservation, management, enhancement or protection of threatened or endangered resident species of plants and wild-life as defined herein.
- donation, or otherwise, lands, aquatic habitats, or interests therein for the conservation of resident endangered species or threatened species needed to carry out the programs relating to the intent of this Act; and, to submit to the Governor of Guam, plans, programs, remedies, or recommendations which will carry out the purposes of this Act.

(g) The Department shall be authorized to conduct investigation to determine the status and requirements for survival of resident species of plants and wildlife.

Section 12325.5. Prohibitions. With respect to any threatened or endangered species of plants or wildlife of Guam and the United States, it is unlawful, except as provided herein, for any person or organization, subject to the jurisdiction of Guam, to:

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- (a) import or export any such species to or from Guam and its territory;
- (b) take any such species within Guam and its territory;
- (c) possess, process, sell or offer sale, deliver, carry, transport, or ship, by any means whatsoever, any such species; provided that any person who has in his possession such plants or wildlife at the time this provision is enacted into law, may retain, process or otherwise dispose of those plants or wildlife already in his possession;

(d) violate any regulation or rule pertaining

ment of any designated threatened or endangered species.

Section 12325.6. Permits. The Department may permit,

through licenses, stamps, certificates, or agreements,

under such terms and conditions as it may prescribe, Section

12325.5 notwithstanding an act for the enhancement, perpetuation, conservation, or survival of the affected species in question, provided that such permits are not contrary

to the U. S. Endangered Species Act of 1973.

Section 12325.7. Enforcement.

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(a) Any authorized employee or agent empowered by the Department with police powers to serve and execute warrants; to arrest offenders; or, to issue citations throughout Guam and its territory; or any officer and agent of Guam custom and quarantine, or any police officer of Guam shall have the authority to enforce any of the provisions of this Act or any regulation, rule or order promulgated pursuant hereto.

(b) Any officer or agent authorized pursuant to paragraph (a) shall have the authority to conduct searches, as provided by law, and to seize any equipment, business records, merchandise of any threatened or endangered species of plants and/or wildlife hereunder; and, any of the foregoings so seized shall be held by the Department, pending disposition by court proceedings, or, the Department, prior to the forfeiture, may direct the transfer of plants or wildlife so seized to a qualified zoological, botanical, educational, or scientific institution for safekeeping, costs thereof to be paid by the defendant. Upon conviction of the person or persons from whom the seizure was made, the court shall declare the items seized, forfeited to the government of Guam. Such items shall be destroyed, or be transferred, or be released into its normal habitat, if possible, by the Department as outlined herein.

- (c) Upon proper oath or affirmation showing probable cause, the judges or magistrates of Guam courts, shall issue such warrants or other process as may be required for enforcement of this Act and any regulation, rule, or order issued thereunder.

  Section 12325.8. Penalties.
- (a) Any person or persons who non-commercially knowingly violates any of the provisions of this Act or the provisions of any regulation, rule or order promulgated hereunder, shall be fined not more than Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$250.00).
- (b) Any person or persons who knowingly violates, or who knowingly commits an act in the course of a commercial activity which violates any provision of this Act, or any provision of any permit, certificate, stamp, agreement, rule, regulation, order, or other, issued to implement this Act, may be assessed a civil penalty by the court of not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for each violation or be imprisoned for not more than three (3) years or both. Each violation shall be a separate offense. No penalty may be assessed unless such person is given notice and opportunity for a court hearing with respect to such violation or violations.
- (c) The Department shall suspend, for a period of one (1) year, any hunting licenses, fishing permits (including shells, corals, shellfish, and fish weirs) or other stamps, certificates, leases, or agreements issued to any person or persons of this Act, or any regulation, rule, or order issued hereunder.

- (d) The government of Guam shall not be held liable for the payments of any compensation, reimbursement, or damages in connection with the modifications, suspension, or revocation of any leases, licenses, permits, stamps, certificates pursuant to the purposes of the Act.
- (e) All guns, traps, nets and other equipment, vessels, vehicles, aircraft and other means of transportation used to aid the taking, possessing, selling, purchasing, offering for sale, or purchase, transporting, delivering, receiving, carrying, shipping, exporting any plants or wildlife in violation of this Act, any regulation made pursuant thereto, or any permit or certificate or agreement made or issued thereunder, shall be subject to impoundment of not less than one (1) year by the government of Guam upon conviction of a criminal violation pursuant to Subsections 12325.4, 12325.5 and 12325.7.

The Department may sell forfeited items, the

resultant monies to be deposited in the Conservation

Fund to promote the welfare of plants and wildlife.

Section 12325.9 Severability. Should any section,

subsection, paragraph, sentence, clause, or phrase of this

Act or any regulation, rule, or order, promulgated pursuant

thereby be held invalid for any reason by a competent court

of jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the

validity of the remaining portions of this Act or regulation,

rule, or order promulgated pursuant thereto.

Section 12325.10. Citizen suits.

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- (a) Any person may commence a civil suit on his behalf:
  - (1) to enjoin any person, including the government of Guam, or any other governmental instrumentality or agency (to the limits permitted by the eleventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States), who is alleged to be in violation of any provision of this Act, or regulation, rule, or order issued under the authority thereof; or
  - (2) to compel the Department to apply the prohibitions set forth in or authorized pursuant to this Act with respect to the taking or causing deletorious effects which further jeopardize the continued existence of threatened or endangered species.
- (b) The Superior Court shall have jurisdiction to enforce any such provision, regulation, rule or order, whichever the case. In any civil suit commenced under subparagraph (2), the court shall compel the Department to apply the prohibition sought if the court finds that the allegation that an emergency exists is supported by substantial evidence.
- (c) No action may be commenced under subparagraph
  (a) or (b) of this subsection:
  - (1) prior to sixty (60) days after written notice of violation has been given to the Department, or to any alleged violator of any such regulation, rule, or order;

- (2) if the Department has commenced action to impose a penalty pursuant to subsections 12325.4, 12325.5 and 12325.7 of this Act.
- (d) The court, in issuing any final order in any suit brought pursuant to this subsection, may award costs of litigation (including reasonable attorney and expert witness fees) to any party, whenever the court determines such award is appropriate.

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(e) The injunctive relief provided herein shall not restrict any right which any person (or class of persons) may have under any statute or common law to seek enforcement of standard or limitation or seek any other relief (including relief against the government of Guam or its agencies)."